

City International School

Second Summative Assessment 2015 - 2016

Date : 05/04/2016

Std : VII

Subject : Geography

Marks : 60

Time : 1½ hrs

SECTION – A

Attempt all questions
(Do not copy the sentences)

Q. 1 Fill in the blanks. (6)

- Wind direction is easily determined by a _____.
- _____ is a dynamic process.
- _____ are the dominant agents of gradation.
- The term _____ is used for a series of rapids in a large river.
- _____ is the worlds largest lake.
- _____ is a group of islands found at the southern tip of South America.

Q. 2 State whether the statements are True or False. If False, correct the statement. (4)

- The thermosphere lies above the stratosphere.
- Winds are named according to the direction in which they blow.
- The Eastern Highlands are made of old crystalline rocks.
- Atacama desert is one of the driest areas of the Earth.

Q. 3 Name the following. (Do not copy the sentences) (6)

- It is used to show the strength and direction of the wind.
- The part of the Earth where life exists.
- Main agent of chemical weathering.
- It has a funnel shaped opening at the mouth of the river.
- Largest river in the world.
- Southern most tip of South America.

Q. 4 Explain the following terms. (3)

- Mudflow
- Wind
- Delta

Q. 5 Give geographical reasons for the following.

- Atmosphere acts like a blanket. (2)
- Weathering is a static process. (2)
- The Andes acts as a climatic barrier in South America. (3)

Q. 6 Distinguish between.

- a. Stratosphere and Ionosphere. (2)
- b. Tributary and Distributary. (2)
- c. Weathering and Gradation. (2)

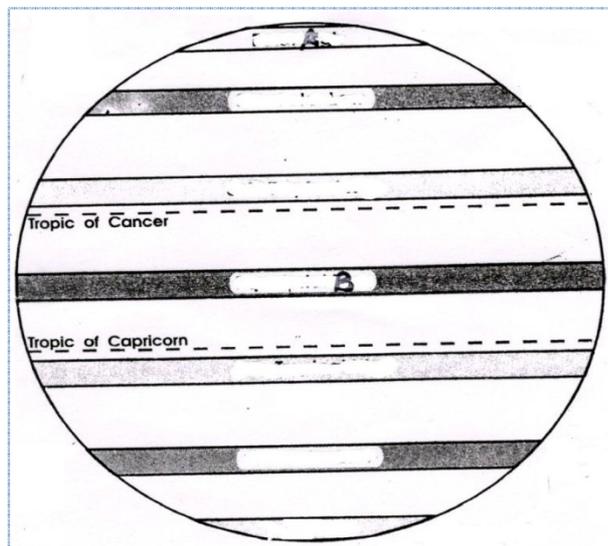
Q. 7 Answer the following. (Any 3) (Do not copy the questions)

- a. All rivers do not form deltas . – Explain. (4)
- b. How does difference in air pressure cause winds. (4)
- c. Mention the factors causing pressure belts. (4)
- d. Write in detail about the Tropical Desert of South America with reference to location, climate, vegetation and animals. (4)

Q. 8 Observe the diagram and answer the following questions.

(Do not copy the questions)

(6)



- a. Name the pressure belt at – ‘A’ and ‘B’.
- b. Mention the degrees of the pressure belt at ‘B’.
- c. Why is the region at ‘A’ – a region of high pressure?
- d. Why is low pressure created at Sub Polar low Pressure belt?
- e. Which pressure belt is also called as ‘Horse Latitudes’?

Q. 9 On the outline map of South America provided, mark and label the following. (10)

- a. Atacama Desert
- b. Isthmus of Panama
- c. Falkland Islands
- d. South Atlantic Ocean
- e. Lake Titicaca
- f. River Orinoco
- g. Tropic of Capricorn
- h. Brazilian Highland
- i. River Parana
- j. Mount Aconcagua