

City International School

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2015 – 2016

Date : 09/03/2016

Std : VIII

Subject : Geography

Marks : 80

Time : 2 hrs

All questions are compulsory.

SECTION – A (30 MARKS)

Q. 1 Mark the following on the map of Asia. (10)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| a. Capital of Rajasthan | f. Odisha |
| b. Shillong | g. Jharkhand |
| c. Hyderabad | h. Kolkata |
| d. Capital of Jammu and Kashmir | i. Lucknow |
| e. Mizoram | j. Bangalore |

Q. 2 With reference to the diagram given below, answer the following questions.



- | | |
|---|-----|
| a. Where are the eastern Himalayas found? | (2) |
| b. Name the three major rivers found in the Himalayas. | (3) |
| c. Distinguish between Himachal and Himadri. | (3) |
| d. What is the southernmost range of the Himalayas known as? What do you mean by “Terai”? | (2) |

Q. 3 With reference to the location and physical feature of Asia, answer the following questions.

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----|
| a. Explain the terms: | i. Intermontane plateau | (2) |
| | ii. Dissected plateau | |
| b. Where does the Karakoram Range lie? Name the second highest peak in the world. | (3) | |
| c. Mention the latitude and longitude of Asia. | (2) | |
| d. Name the three Southern plateaus that lie to the South of the Central Mountain Belt. | (3) | |

SECTION – B
(50 MARKS)

Q. 4 With reference to Hydrological Cycle and its Physical Process answer the following questions :

- a. Give Reasons: (2)
 - i. Warm air can hold more water vapour than cold air.
 - ii. Burn injuries caused by steam are more severe than those caused by boiling water.
- b. State whether the latent heat is absorbed or released in the following processes. (2)
 - i. Water vapour changes into water.
 - ii. Ice melts into water
- c. Distinguish between Dew and Frost. (2)
- d. Explain the terms: (4)
 - i. Condensation Nuclei
 - ii. Humidity
 - iii. Transpiration

Q. 5 With reference to Rain and Types of Rainfall, answer the following questions.

- a. Name the three factors determining the amount of rainfall. (3)
- b. Give Reasons: (2)
 - i. Cyclonic Rainfall is also called Frontal Rainfall.
 - ii. Mahabaleshwar gets more rain than Pune.
- c. Distinguish between Orographic Rainfall and Convectional Rainfall (2)
- d. Name the three most common causes of rising air. (3)

Q. 6 With reference to the location and physical feature of India, answer the following questions.

- a. Name the two main Mountain ranges that make up the Mountain Wall in north (2)
- b. Explain the terms: (2)
 - i. Sub-continent
 - ii. Inland drainage
- c. Distinguish between West Coast of Peninsular India and East Coast of Peninsular India. (3)
- d. Give Reasons: (3)
 - i. The rivers of the Deccan Plateau are non perennial rivers
 - ii. The Narmada and Tapi do not form deltas.
 - iii. The Northern Plains of India are one of the most densely populated regions in the world

Q. 7 With reference to the climate and natural resources of India, answer the following questions.

- a. Name the two factors that determine the types of soil found in India. (2)
- b. Where is laterite soil found? Explain the process of leaching. (2)
- c. Distinguish between Retreating South West Monsoons and North East Monsoons (3)
- d. Mention the characteristics of the Hot Weather Season. (3)

Q. 8 With reference to climate and vegetation and Wildlife and Natural Resources of Asia, answer the following questions.

- a. Name two regions where the Tropical Desert is found. (2)
- b. Mention the characteristics of Shifting Agriculture. (2)
- c. Name two animals found in the Manchurian type of Climate. (2)
- d. Mention the climatic conditions of The Temperate Desert. (2)
- e. Distinguish between Subsistence Agriculture and Extensive Agriculture. (2)